Applicant: PCT App. No.:

Jaakko Haapanen PCT/FI2003/000853

#### Remarks

Claims 11-34 remain pending in the application.

Applicant believes that no new matter has been added by these amendments and that the application, as amended, is ready for examination. Favorable action thereon is respectfully solicited.

Respectfully submitted,

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For: Core Locking Device

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Marked Up Copy of Substitute Specification under 37 C.F.R. 1.125(b)(2)

## TITLE OF THE INVENTION

Core flocking device

**Locking Device** 

# **CROSS REFERENCES TO RELATED APPLICATIONS**

[0001] This application is a U.S. national stage application of International App. No. PCT/FI2003/000853, filed Nov. 11, 2003, the disclosure of which is incorporated by reference herein, and claims priority on Finnish App. No.

5 <u>20022037</u>, Filed Nov. 15, 2002.

# STATEMENT AS TO RIGHTS TO INVENTIONS MADE UNDER FEDERALLY SPONSORED RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT [0002] Not applicable.

#### **BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION**

[0003] The invention relates to {a }core locking {device according to claim 1.} devices.

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[0004] In the prior art, slitter-winders are known in which two-drum winders are used for winding component rolls after slitting a web. In the prior art there are known variable geometry two-drum winders in which one or both of the winding drums/sets of drums supporting the roll are movable. In such variable geometry slitter-winders, the horizontal location of the fcentre center of the roll that is building up is dependent on the relative position of the winding drums/sets of drums and on the diameter of the roll. In winders, rolls are wound around cores. Longitudinal successive cores are locked in place to form a core line by means of a core locking device placed at both ends. In the prior art, a core locking device is known which is placed on a slide arranged in connection with a winder so as to be movable when the diameter of the roll increases as its {centre}center is displaced. Thus, the position of the core locking device changes during operation. The position of the core locking device that moves upwards on the slide also changes when the pivoting angle changes while in the variable geometry winder one or both drums move as winding progresses. When the core locking device pivots, the pivoted core locking device causes a force in the [centre]center of the roll, which force is dependent on the pivoting angle and on the mass of the device. This may cause problems during winding because the magnitude of the force cannot be affected.

[0005] In addition, in the prior art two-drum winders, mechanical guides, which limit the utilization of space, have been used for set change for guiding the core locking device to a correct position according to core size.

25 [0006] One problem with winding is also the so-called bouncing phenomenon in which a roll/rolls start bouncing in the winder.

#### **SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION**

[0007] An object of the invention is to provide a core locking device in which the changing of the position of the core chuck as winding progresses does not cause winding problems nor a force acting on the [centre]center of the roll.

5 [0008] A non-indispensable further object of the invention is to provide an arrangement in which no mechanical guides limiting the utilization of space are needed for set change in the two-drum winder. Further, a non-indispensable additional feature of the invention is to create an arrangement which makes it possible to detect the occurrence of a bouncing phenomenon and, when needed, to eliminate it.

[With a view to achieving the objects described above as well as the ones coming out later, the core locking device according to the invention is mainly characterized in what is stated in the characterizing part of claim 1.

†[0009] In accordance with the invention, an actuator is placed in connection with the core locking device, preferably in connection with a pivot joint of the core locking device, which actuator produces a counterforce that is equal to the force caused by the mass of the core locking device in the changed position of the core chuck. In that connection, the core locking device is "weightless" at all pivoting angles, thus not affecting winding and the structure of the roll. The force caused by mass can be static and/or dynamic.

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[0010] During set change, in the device in accordance with the invention, the device is driven by means of a relief actuator to a correct position depending on core size. When the roll positions, diameters and the core diameter are known, the position of the core [centre]center can be calculated.

25 [0011] The invention can also be made use of in case it is desired to measure the effect of horizontal forces on the winding process or <u>to</u> tune the actuator to function

either as an active damper or as a passive damper. Passive damping can be accomplished, for example, when using a hydraulic actuator, such that flow is throttled or flow is restricted, i.e. the damping of the system is changed. In active damping, the position/pressure of the actuator is measured and the variable that determines the action of the actuator is changed based on the result of measurement.

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[0012] In accordance with an advantageous additional application of the invention, the device can be used for detecting the bouncing phenomenon when an angle sensor that measures the pivoting angle is placed in connection with the actuating member; the bouncing phenomenon can be detected based on the measurements of the angle sensor and, when needed, a counterforce can be produced by means of the actuator to eliminate the bouncing phenomenon.

[0013] In addition, in two-drum winders which use as one winding drum a set of drums with a belt disposed around it, the device in accordance with the invention makes it possible to compensate for the change of the starting position of winding caused by wear of the belt. Wear of the belt affects the location of the core and thus also the location of the locking device. When the locking device is lowered onto the drums, the device can be "calibrated" and wear of the belt can also be inferred from the starting position.

[0014] The invention is particularly suitable for two-drum winders in which the rear winding drum is arranged to be movable. In two-drum winders the movement of the rear drum makes it possible to affect the winding properties and achieve quick set change.

[0015] In accordance with the invention, the state of the actuating member is advantageously measured in the [centre]center of a joint, for example, by means of an angle sensor placed at the end of the joint or by means of a distance measuring sensor or a force sensor placed inside the actuator, preferably a cylinder, thus making it possible to produce a counterforce of desired magnitude in order that the force

caused by the core chuck in the **[centre]** of the roll shall not cause winding problems.

[0016] In the following, the invention will be described in greater detail with reference to the figures of the appended drawing, but the invention is by no means meant to be narrowly limited to the details of them.

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### **BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS**

[Figures][0017] FIGS. 1A and [B]1B schematically show a variable geometry two-drum winder and a core locking device placed in connection therewith, in extreme positions of the core locking device.

5 [Figures 2A-2B][0018] FIGS. 2A and 2B schematically show extreme positions of the core locking device in accordance with one exemplifying embodiment of the invention.

**[Figure]** [0019] FIG. 3 schematically shows the core locking device in accordance with one application of the invention.

#### **DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS**

[0020] As shown in Figs. 1A and B, a paper roll 10 is wound on a two-drum winder which, in the application shown in the figures, is formed of a set of belt drums 11 in which an endless belt 14 is placed around two drums 12, 13. The other set of drums of the two-drum winder is formed of a drum 15.

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**[Figs]** [0021] FIGS. 1A and B show two different phases of winding, of which the situation occurring in the end phases of winding is shown in F**[ig]** IG. 1A and the situation occurring in the initial phase of winding is shown in F**[ig]** IG. 1B.

[0022] At the beginning of winding, as shown in F[ig]IG. 1B, a core locking device, i.e. a core chuck 17 is situated on a slide 16 in a lower position, and an arm 21 of the core locking device (F[ig]IG. 2) has not pivoted around a joint 24 (F[ig]IG. 2). In that connection, the core locking device 17 does not produce a force in the [centre]center 18 of the roll 10. When winding has made progress, F[ig]IG. 1A, the core locking device 17 moves with the [centre]center 18 of the roll being formed forwards on the slide 16, so that the core locking device 17 will gradually be at an angle with respect to the slide 16, with the result that a force is produced in the [centre]center 18 of the roll 10 because of the weight of the core locking device 17.

[0023] In accordance with one application of the invention shown in [Figs]FIGS. 2A and 2B, an actuator 20, advantageously a cylinder – the figure shows a hydraulic cylinder arrangement but, for example, a semi-rotary actuator is also suitable – is placed in connection with the core locking device 17. As shown in the figure, when the pivoting angle  $\alpha$  of the core chuck 17 increases, by means of the cylinder 20 a force is produced that acts on the [centre]center 18 of the core cancelling out the force caused by the pivoting angle  $\alpha$ . A structure connected with the slides 16 of the core chuck 17 is designated by 19 and the actuator 20 is attached to a pivot point 23 of the frame structure 19 and to a pivot point 26 of the pivoting arm 21 of the core chuck 17, which actuator 20 pivots when the angle  $\alpha$  increases in a corresponding manner as the core chuck 17 pivots around the joint 24.

[0024] In F[ig]IG. 3, the parts of the core locking device or the core chuck 17 of the invention corresponding to those of [Figs]FIGS. 2A and 2B are designated by the same reference signs. The actuator 20 in accordance with the invention, by means of which the force produced by the pivoted core chuck 17 in the

**[centre]center** of the roll 10 is cancelled out, is attached through the pivot point 23 to the frame structure 19 of the core locking device 17, which frame structure 19 is connected to the slide 16 in the winder. In the figure, the locking member placed in the **[centre]center** 18 of the roll is designated by the reference numeral 25.

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[0025] A sensor 27 is arranged in connection with the actuator 20 for detecting the pivoting angle  $\alpha$ {-} of the core locking device 17 to determine the magnitude of the necessary counterforce to be produced by means of the actuator 20 for cancelling out the force caused by the weight of the core locking device 17 at the angle  $\alpha$ .

[0026] The invention is in accordance with an advantageous application, the bouncing phenomenon can be detected and eliminated by means of the actuator 20 and the sensor 27.

[0027] Above, the invention has been described only with reference to some of its advantageous exemplifying embodiments, but the invention is not by any means meant to be narrowly limited to the details of them.

#### [Abstract

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# **ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE**

[The invention relates to a]A core locking device [comprising]has members (25) for locking the device (17) to a winding core of a roll to be wound on a two-drum winder, advantageously to a core[, which]. The device (17) is placed on a slide arranged in connection with the two-drum winder, [which locking device (17)]and moves, as winding progresses, with the [centre]center of the roll being formed along the slide. The device (17) [comprises]has an actuator (20) to produce a counterforce for the force caused by the mass of the core locking device (17) in the changed position of the core locking device (17).